

COURT NO. 1
ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL
PRINCIPAL BENCH, NEW DELHI

41.

MA 3270/2025 IN OA 465/2025

| | | |
|---------------------------|-------|-------------|
| Sub Maj Jene Rajesh Kumar | | Applicant |
| Versus | | |
| Union of India & Ors. | | Respondents |

| | | |
|-----------------|---|---|
| For Applicant | : | Mr. SS Pandey, Advocate |
| For Respondents | : | Maj Arjun Singh Chauhan, OIC Legal Cell |

CORAM

HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE RAJENDRA MENON, CHAIRPERSON
HON'BLE REAR ADMIRAL DHIREN VIG, MEMBER (A)

ORDER
13.08.2025

MA 3270/2025

This application has been filed for early hearing of OA No.465/2025 primarily on the ground that the legal issue involved in the OA is already covered by the judgment of this Tribunal in the case of Sub M.L. Shrivastava and Others vs. Union of India & Others (OA No. 1182/2018), decided on 03.09.2021.

2. A perusal of the impugned order passed by the respondents in the OA indicates that the benefit of pay fixation has been denied to the applicant solely on the ground that he did not exercise the option. In view of the above, it is evident that the issue involved in the present OA is squarely covered by the law laid down in Sub M.L. Shrivastava and Others (supra).

3. Accordingly, the MA for early hearing is allowed.

OA 465/2025

4. OA is taken on board.

5. The applicant vide the present OA makes the following prayers:-

"a) Call for the records based on which the Respondents No. 1 has taken a decision not to issue amendment in the policy dated 11.12.2013 in the light of judgment of this Hon'ble Tribunal dated 10.12.2014 in OA 113 of 2014 and judgment dated 05.10.2017 in OA 1092 of 2017 by extending the benefit of pay fixation from the date of promotion instead of 01.01.2006 by applying Para 14 of 1/S/2008 thereby denying the Applicant his rightful claim of equal pay for equal work for want of exercise of option by the Applicant and thereafter quash the same.

(b) Direct the Respondents to extend the benefit of option of fixation of pay in the 6th CPC from the date of promotion of the Applicant to the rank of Nb Sub w.e.f 01.09.2008 being more beneficial and thereafter direct the Respondent to revise the pay of the Applicant accordingly in the rank of Sub w.e.f 01.09.2012 and Sub Maj w.e.f 01.02.2022.

(c) Issue further directions to the Respondent upon ∴ such pay fixation in each rank to grant the Applicant arrears of the difference of pay in the Rank of Nb Sub and consequently in the rank of Sub after adjusting the payments already made by revising other allowances as per the revised rate including increment/DA etc. earned till date along with interest @ 12% from the date it was payable till the date payment is made. Pass any other order/orders as deemed appropriate by this Hon'ble Tribunal in the facts and circumstances of the present case.

6. The applicant was enrolled in the Indian Army on 26.04.1996 and was promoted to the rank of Nb Sub

on 01.09.2008 before the acceptance and the implementation of the recommendations of the 6th CPC which were finally accepted and implemented wef 11.10.2008 effective wef 01.01.2006. The respondents issued Special Army Instruction (SAI) on 11.10.2018 and the said SAI had a provision for fixation of pay from the date of promotion to all those service persons who were granted promotion after 01.01.2006 based on the option to continue in the pre-revised scale till the date of next promotion and get the pay fixed from the date of promotion instead of 01.01.2006 i.e. from the date of implementation of the recommendations of the 6th CPC. The applicant submits that the said instructions were never notified to the individual personally nor they were advised what would be the more beneficial to them and his pay was fixed in the new pay scale without carrying out this exercise and he was promoted to the rank of Sub on 01.09.2012. The applicant further submits that due to this default/incorrect selection of option is causing recurring financial loss every month and thus leading to pay disparity amongst the similarly placed employees. The applicant further submits that some of the affected persons who did not exercise any option also sought the benefit of pay fixation at par with their junior by invoking the clause of more

beneficial provision and the Armed Forces Tribunal in a catena of orders has directed the respondents to review the pay fixed and after due verification to re-fix the pay in a manner that is most beneficial to the applicants. The applicant further submits as per Para 14(b)(iv) of SAI I/S/2008, if no option is exercised by the individual, the PAO(OR) will regulate and fix the pay of the individual on promotion in more beneficial manner in view of the order dated 03.09.2021 in OA 1182/201 titled Sub Mahendra Lal Shrivastava(Retd) Vs Union of India & Ors. of the Hon'ble Armed Forces Tribunal (PB) and a catena of other orders of the Armed Forces Tribunal wherein also similarly circumstanced applicant (s) have been granted the stepping of pay at par to his junior.

7. We have examined numerous cases pertaining to the incorrect pay fixation in 6th CPC in respect of Officers/JCOs/ORs merely on the grounds of option not being exercised in the stipulated time or applicants not exercising the option at all. The matter in issue is no more *res judicata* in view of the order dated 24.08.2022 of the Armed Forces Tribunal (PB), New Delhi in the case of Col. Rajesh Suredia (Retd) Vs Union of India & Ors in

OA 2857/2021 whereby vide paras 10 to 15 thereof it has been observed as under:

"10. "Unlike the 6th CPC, implementation instructions which has an explicit provision that no promotion, in the eventuality of the requisite option not being exercised by an officer, the most beneficial option of fixing the, either from date of promotion/next increment will be extended, the 5th CPC instructions does not have such a provision. Similarly, the 7th CPC too does not have such an explicit provision.

11. We have examined numerous cases pertaining to the incorrect pay fixation in 6th CPC in respect of Officers/JCO/OR merely on the grounds of option not being exercised in the stipulated time or applicants not exercising the option at all, and have issued orders that in all these cases the petitioners pay is to be re-fixed-with the most beneficial option as stipulated in Para 14 of the SAI 1/S/2008 dated 11.10.2008.

The matter of incorrect pay fixation has been exhaustively examined in Sub M.L. Shrivastava v. Union of India. O.A No. 1182 of 2018 decided on 03.09.2021. Relevant portions are extracted below:

38. In summary, we find that given the complexity of calculating pay and allowances, while the rules and regulations for implementation of 6th CPC had adequate safeguards to ensure that the most beneficial option was worked out adopted for each Individual, this has not been implemented with requisite seriousness and commitment by the Respondents, in particular the PAO (OR) who were the custodians to ensure this. This has resulted in serious financial implications to individuals including loss of pay and allowances whilst in service and on retirement This has also resulted in financial loss to those who transited to 7th CPC with incorrect fixation of pay in the 6th CPC. The only ground for denial of the most beneficial pay scale to the applicants and many others who are similarly placed is that either the individuals did not exercise an option for pay fixation, or they exercised it late, beyond the perceived stipulated period. In the given circumstances, the respondents themselves should have taken steps to remove this anomaly, and ease out the Issue for the serving soldiers, many of whom may not be knowledgeable about the Intricacies of these calculations, in the full knowledge that that no one will ever knowingly opt for a less beneficial option. We emphasize the fact that it's the responsibility of the Respondents and the service authority to look after the interests of its own subordinate personnel.

39. In view of the above, the three OAs under consideration are allowed and we direct the Respondents to:—

- (a) Review the pay fixed of the applicants and after due verification re-fix their pay under 6th CPC in a manner that is most beneficial to the applicants.
- (b) Thereafter re-fix their pay in all subsequent ranks and on transition to 7th CPC where applicable, and also ensure that they are not drawing less pay than their juniors.
- (c) Re-fix all pensionary and post retiral benefits accordingly.
- (d) Issue all arrears and fresh PRO where applicable, within three months of this order and submit a compliance report.

40. In view of the fact that there are a large number of pending cases which are similarly placed and fall into Category A or B, this order will be applicable in rem to all such affected personnel. Respondents are directed to take suo motu action on applications filed by similarly aggrieved personnel and instruct concerned PAO(OR) to verify records and re-fix their pay in 6th CPC accordingly.

12. Similarly, in the matter of incorrect pay fixation in the 7th CPC, the issue has been exhaustively examined in *Sub Ramjeevan Kumar Singh v. Union of India* decided on 27.09.2021. Relevant portions are extracted below:

“12. Notwithstanding the absence of the option clause in 7th CPC, this Bench has repeatedly held that a soldier cannot be drawing less pay than his junior, or be placed in a pay scale/band which does not offer the most beneficial pay scale, for the only reason that the soldier did not exercise the required option for pay fixation, or exercised it late. We have no hesitation in concluding that even under the 7th CPC, it remains the responsibility of the Respondents; in particular the PAO (OR), to ensure that a soldier's pay is fixed in the most beneficial manner.

13. In view of the foregoing, we allow the OA and direct the Respondents to:—

(a) Take necessary action to amend the Extraordinary Gazette Notification NO SRO 9E dated 03.05.2017 and include a suitable 'most beneficial' option clause, similar to the 6th CPC. A Report to be submitted within three months of this order.

(b) Review the pay fixed of the applicant on his promotion to Naib Subedar in the 6th CPC, and after due

verification re-fix his pay in a manner that is most beneficial to the applicant, while ensuring that he does not draw less pay than his juniors.

(c) Issue all arrears within three months of this order and submit a compliance report.

(d) Issue all arrears within three months of this order and submit a compliance report."

13. As stated by the Counsel for the applicant, recently in our Order dated 08.07.2022 in OA 1579/2017 Gp Capt AVR Reddy (supra), we have examined the same issue and have directed the Respondents to review the pay fixation on promotion in 5th CPC and re-fix the pay with the most beneficial option. Also in our Order dated 05.08.2022 in OA 868 of 2020 Lt Col Karan Dusad & Ors we have directed CGDA to issue necessary instructions to review pay fixation of all officers of all the three Services, whose pay has been fixed on 01.01.2006 in 6th CPC and provide them the most beneficial option. Relevant extracts are given below.

102 (a) to (j) xxxxxx.

(k) The pay fixation of all the officers, of all the three Services (Army, Navy and Air Force), whose pay has been fixed as on 01.01.2006 merely because they did not exercise an option/exercised it after the stipulated time be reviewed by CGDA/CDA (O), and the benefit of the most beneficial option be extended to these officers, with all consequential benefits, including to those who have retired. The CGDA to issue necessary instructions for the review and implementation.

Directions

"103. xxx. 104.

We, however, direct the CGDA/CDA(O) to review and verify the pay fixation of all those officers, of all the three Services (Army, Navy and Air Force), whose pay has been fixed as on 01.01.2006, including those who have retired, and re-fix their pay with the most beneficial option, with all consequential benefits, including re-fixing of their pay in the 7th CPC and pension wherever applicable. The CGDA to issue necessary instructions for this review and its implementation. Respondents are directed to complete this review and file a detailed compliance report within four months of this order."

14. It is evident from the above details that there indeed is a financial advantage to the applicants had their pay on promotion in Dec 2004 been fixed from the date of their next increment in March 2005. This would then also have resulted in appropriate financial advantage on transition to the 6th CPC on 01.01.2006 too. In this case, this advantage has been denied only on the grounds that the applicant had not exercised his

option. This Tribunal is of the firm opinion that irrespective of whether an officer rendered his option or not, the organization and in particular the implementing agency and the paying agency are beholden to advise an officer and ensure that the most beneficial option in pay fixation is given to him. Merely because the provisions are there in the instructions, is inadequate methodology to ensure that all officers/men got the most beneficial advantage from the way their pay is fixed. Even if the applicants had not exercised their option, we do not find any record that the Respondents did advise the applicants on the implications of pay fixation from date of promotion/DNI apart from issuing a letter and holding the officer responsible. There is just no reason to believe that anyone will knowingly opt for a less beneficial pay fixation option. Thus the applicants have exercised/not exercised options in the absence of full knowledge of the implication of their action, which in our opinion was the responsibility of the paying authority to ensure. Merely taking cover behind an argument that as per the implementation instructions the paying office was not required/barred from suo moto taking such necessary steps/initiatives does not hold water.

15. In the light of the above consideration, we find that the applicant prima facie has a case and the balance of convenience too is in his favour. We therefore, allow the OA and direct the Respondents to

(a) Review the pay fixed of the applicant on promotion to the rank of Lt Col in Dec 2004 under the 5th CPC and after due verification re-fix his pay in a manner that is most beneficial to the applicant.

(b) Re-fix the applicants' pay on transition into 6th CPC with the most beneficial option, while ensuring that the applicants do not draw less pay than their juniors.

(c) Re-fix the applicants' pay on transition to 7th CPC and subsequent promotion and retirement accordingly.

(d) All pending similar cases pertaining to pay fixation on promotion in 5th CPC with the most beneficial option be similarly reviewed and pay re-fixed.

(e) Pay the arrears within three months of this Order and submit a compliance report."

8. Significantly, vide judgment dated 14.08.2024 in Union of India & Ors Vs Col. Rajesh Suredia (Retd) in WP(C) 5477/2024, the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi has

upheld the said order of the Armed Forces Tribunal (PB), New Delhi in Col. Rajesh Suredia (Retd) Vs Union of India & Ors in OA 2857/2021 and has observed vide paras 3-5 thereof to the effect:

“3. After detailed arguments, learned counsel for the petitioners submits that taking into account that the directions issued by the learned Tribunal for reviewing the pay fixation qua all similarly placed persons as the respondents would involve examining of voluminous record, the exercise to comply with paragraph 15(d) of the order is likely to take at least further six weeks’ time.

4. In the light of this explanation given by the petitioners, we grant further six weeks’ time to the petitioners to comply with the directions issued in the impugned order.

5. The writ petition is accordingly disposed of in the aforesaid terms. “

9. As laid down by the Hon’ble Supreme Court in Lt Col Suprita Chandel vs Union of India and Ors (Civil Appeal No. 1943 of 2022) that it is a well settled principle of law that where a citizen aggrieved by an action of the government department has approached the court and obtained a declaration of law in his/her favour, others similarly situated ought to be extended the benefit without the need for them to go to Court.

10. In the light of the above consideration, the OA 465/2025 is allowed and the respondents are directed to:

- (a) Review the pay fixed of the applicant in a most beneficial manner on transition to the 6th CPC and subsequent promotion(s) in a most beneficial manner after due verification and ensuring that the applicant is not drawing less pay than that his course-mate/junior.
- (b) Thereafter, re-fix the applicant's pay on transition to 7th CPC and subsequent promotion(s) in a most beneficial manner.
- (c) To pay the arrears within three months of this order.

11. No order as to costs.

[JUSTICE RAJENDRA MENON]
CHAIRPERSON

[REAR ADMIRAL DHIREN VIG]
MEMBER (A)

/PS/
MA 3270/2025